

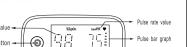
Product Model:YM101/YM102/YM103 Version: 1.1

Date: 2020-4-17

## $C \in \mathcal{C}_{0123}$ 1.1 Front View

1.2 Operation Method

replace the cover:



- Please remove the batteries if the equipment will not
- into the battery compartment in correct polarities, then B. Press the bottom of the equipment and open the
- probe, then insert one finger into the probe; C. Press the button to turn the equipment on, and the measure interface will appear:

A. Open the battery cover, and put the two AAA batteries

Figure 1 Front View of YM101/YM102/YM103

- D. After about 8 seconds, the measurement result can be read directly from the display screen: E. Before reading the parameters, make sure that stable
- numbers of the pulse oximeter interface has sustained more than 4 second; F. The equipment will turned off automatically within 8 seconds when the finger left the probe.

## 1.3 Battery Installation A. Put the two AAA batteries into battery compartment in

- correct polarities (Figure 2). B. Push the battery cover horizontally along the arrow
- shown as right.

## WARNINGS:

- Battery polarities should be correctly installed, otherwise. damage may be caused to the equipment.
- use for a long time.
- O AAA O ∮ o⊑wy⊛\_

## Figure 2 Battery Installation

#### 1.4 Lanvard installation A. Pass the thinner end of the lanvard through the hanging hole:

Trouble Possible Reason

The Spo2

B. Pass the thicker end of the lanvard through the thinner end and tighten the lanyard (Figure 3).

- A. The user should fully insert the finger into the probe. B. It is recommended to let the LED light shine directly on the nail(Figure 4);
- C. Don't shake the finger and try to keep the patient still during the measurement.

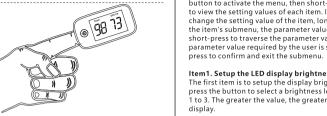


Figure 4 Finger Placement Diagram

## 1.6 Functions and Menu Operation 1.6.1 The button operation rules

Long-press functions include entering menus, activating item's submenu, confirming setting values, and exitingitem's submenu; short-press functions are polling menu items and viewing the setting values of items. It should be noted that long-press means pressing the key

## should be noted that long-press means pressing the key for about 2 seconds, and short-press means pressing the

## key for less than 0.5 second. 1.6.2 Menu Operation

After the oximeter is turned on, long-press the power

button to activate the menu, then short-press the button Item3.Setup the PR Alarm Limits to view the setting values of each item. If the user wants to change the setting value of the item, long-press to enter the item's submenu, the parameter value starts to flash. short-press to traverse the parameter value until the parameter value required by the user is selected, long is lower than 50

Item1. Setup the LED display brightness The first item is to setup the display brightness. Long-

press the button to select a brightness level ranging from 1 to 3. The greater the value, the greater brightness of the



Active the menu

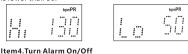
Item2.Setup the SpO2 Alarm Limits

The second item is to setup the SpO2 alarm limits. For example: When Spo2 High limit is set to 96, an alarm will be issued when the spo2 value is higher than 92, and wher

### Spo2 low limit is set to 94, an alarm will be issued when the spo2 value is lower than 94.



The third item is to setup the PR alarm limits. For example: When PR High limit is set to 130, an alarm will be issued when the PR value is higher than 130, and when PR low limit is set to 50, an alarm will be issued when the PR value



The forth item is long-press to turn Alarm on /off.



Item5.Check the software version The fifth item is to view the software version.

## 2 Specifications

## 2.1 Classification

Type of protection against electric shock: II (Internally powered equipment)

Degree of protection against electric shock: Type BF-Applied part Operating mode: Spot checking

Degree of protection against hazards of explosion: IP22

## 2.2 Power Requirements Specification of battery: Two AAA (LR03)

Operating current: 25-50mA 2.3 Physical Specifications

## 28g (Bare machine)

Width\*Height\*Depth: 57×30×31 mm

2.4 Measurement Specifications SpO2 declared accuracy 70%~100%: ±2digits 0% ~ 69%: unspecified

SpO2 Display Range: 30%~99% SpO2 Resolution:

PR declared accuracy : 25~250 bpm: ±3digits PR Resolution:

> and 5 females, with an age range of 18 to 46 years, the subjects skin color included dark black, medium black. light color and white.

2.5 Environmental Specifications

Storage/Transportation: 50~107.4kpa

Storage/Transportation: -4~+104°F/-20~+60°C

1) The claim for oxygen saturation accuracy should be

test subjects is varied to achieve a series of targeted

accuracy range (e.g. 70 % to 100 % ), then the SpO2

supported by clinical studies covering the entire claimed

range. The fraction of inspired oxygen (FiO2) delivered to

steady-state saturation periods over the specified SpO2

pulse oximeter to the values of SaO2 determined with a

2)The clinical trial included 11 subjects, including 6 males

accuracy is calculated by comparing SpO2 readings of the

Operating

Operating:

Operating:

2.6 Display

Display Type:

Notes:

Display Color:

Display content:

Co-Ovimeter

Storage/Transportation :

Atmosphere Pressure

Humidity

+50~+104°F/+10~+40°C

10~95%, noncondensing

10~95%, noncondensing

YM101: Red: YM102: Green

Bar Graph, Battery Indicator

1.5""LED Display;

YM103: White

SpO2% Pulse Rate PI%

## 3 Maintenache Cleaning Disinfection 3.1 Maintenance

indicate lamps were empty;

damage the equipment

humidity is less than 95%.

WARNING

with toxic, harmful, corrosive materials,

The equipment's design life expectancy is about 2 years. keep your equipment and accessories free of dust and dirt. and follow these rules:

A. Please clean the equipment before use according to chapter 6.2; Remove the batteries insidethe battery cassette if the equipment will not be operated for a long B. Replace the batteries in time when the battery voltage

conveyance. The equipment not be transported mixed

No modification of this equipment is allowed.

b The compliance levels in the ISM frequency bands between 150 kHz and

80 MHz and in the frequency range 80 MHz to 2,7 GHz are intended to

c Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio

(cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM

and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted

transmitters in these frequency ranges.

e-orienting or relocating the YM101.

dampened with a glass cleaner: C. It is recommended that the equipment should be kept c) Clean the exterior surface of the equipment and in a dry environment with no corrosive gases and good probe using a soft cloth dampened with the cleaner: ventilation anytime. The moisture and high-light

environments will affect its lifetime and even might after cleaning if necessary; e) Dry your equipment in a ventilated, cool place D. It is best to preserve the product in a place where the To avoid damage to the equipment, follow these rules:

3.2 Cleaning

cleaning agents are:

b) Ethanol (70%).

a) Mild soap (diluted).

temperature is between -20 to 60°C and the relative E. The packed equipment can be transported by ordinary

> Do not immerse part of the equipment in the liquid. Do not pour liquid onto the equipment or

> > Never use abrasive materials (such as steel wool or silver polish), or erosive cleaners (such as acetone or

If you spill liquid onto the equipment, contact us or

# rtific

Ť

(1)

 Always dilute according the manufacturer's instructions or use lowest possible concentration.

Your equipment should be cleaned on a regular basis. If

there is heavy pollution or lots of dust and sand in your

place, the equipment should be cleaned more frequently.

regulations for cleaning the equipment. Recommended

b) Clean the display screen using a soft, clean cloth

d) Wipe off all the cleaning solution with a dry cloth

Before cleaning the equipment, consult your hospital's

o clean your equipment, follow these rules:

a) Shut down the pulse oximeter

accessories.

acetone-based cleaners)

your service personnel.

#### 3.3 Disinfection Clean the pulse oximeter before disinfecting it. The recommended disinfectant is ethanol 70%. Disinfection

steps are the same as cleaning.

## Never use ETO or formaldehyde for disinfection. 3.4 Disposal

Dispose of the pulse oximeter in accordance with local environment and waste disposal laws and regulations.

## 4 Accessories One lanyard.

Two AAA batteries(Optional). One user manual. One certificate card.

# 5 Troubleshooting

	3		
Trouble	Possible Reason	Solutions	
The device can not be turned on	The batteries are drained away or almost drained away.	Replace batteries.	
	The battery installation is incorrect.	Install the battery over again.	
	The device works abnormally.	Please contact the product distributor	

#### Avoid the excessive are not Excessive ambient light ambient light irradiation displayed User's blood perfusion | Warm the finger normally and try again lis very low The device was set to shut down automatically in 8 The display seconds when there is no Normal correct physiological signals The battery is almost Replace batteries drained away The finger is not Replace the finger inserted deep enough and try again The finger is shaking or Try to keep still The Spo2 the body is moving displayed Not used in the work | Please use in normal environment required | working environme by this manual The device works Please contact the product distributor

## The finger size is too big | Select the suitable size finger to measure

Solutions

The equipment complies with the requirement of standard EN 60601 -1-2:20 14 "Electromagnetic Compatibility - Medical Electrical Equipment"

6 Appendix A EMC

Figure 3 Lanyard Installation

A. Before use check and confirm that the people or finger

B. Before use check and confirm that the environment

high or low temperature and humidity, but also need to

a) To avoid glare and direct sunlight exposure;

b) To avoid radiation infrared or ultraviolet radiation;

c) Avoid contact with the organic solvent, mist, dust.

. The equipment should not be used at a location or limb

tied with arterial canal or blood pressure cuff or receiving

microcirculation barrier patients, Warm or rub the finger.

The ray between photo detector and light emitting

F. The patient should not use enamel or other makeup:

or re-position the equipment could improve the measurement.

D. The equipment may not work normally on

G. Avoid to insert a wet finger into the probe.

diode should across patient's arteriole.

should be non-combustible material, as well as to avoid

1.5 Attention for Operation

pay attention to the following:

corrosive gases;

size were applicable

intravenous injection:

uidance and manufacturer's declaration — electromagnetic emission	
The model YM101/YM201 is intended for use in the ectromagnetic environment specified below. The customer r the user of the model YM101/YM201 should assure that it is used in such an environment.	

it is used in such an environment.				
Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment – guidance		
RF emissions	Group 1	The Model YM201 uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.		
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The Model YM201 is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic		
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000 -3-2	Not applicable	establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.		

## fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000 -3-3

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic

minumy		
The model YM101/YM201 is intended for use in the		
electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer		
or the user of the model YM101/YM201 should assure that		
it is used in such an environment.		

	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
tact ± 8 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floo are covered with
	synthetic material, the relative humidi should be at least 30 %.
	(V, ±8 ±2 kV, ±4 kV, ±8 kV,

# supply lines 100 kHz frequency 61000-4-4 input/output

IEC 61000-4-5	kV differential mode line-line	N/A	N/A
	0 % UT (100 % dip in UT) for 0.5 cycle at 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°,180°, 225° , 270°, and 315°		
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines	0 % UT (100 % dip in UT ) for 1 cycle at 0° 70 % UT (30 % dip in UT ) for 25/30 cycles at 0° 0 % UT (100 % dip in UT )	N/A	N/A
IEC 61000-4-11	for 250/300 cycle at 0°		

#### nagnetic fields should be at levels (50/60 Hz) 30 A/m, haracteristic of a magnetic field 30 A/m. 50/60Hz typical location in a typical commercial or hospital 61000-4-8 environment. NOTE: UT is the a. c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.

immunity
The model YM101/YM201 is intended for use in the ectromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model YM101/YM201 should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic

Immunity	IEC 60601	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
test	test level	level	
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz outside ISM bandsa	N/A	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the Models YM201, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.

			$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ E_1 \end{bmatrix}$
	10 V/m		800MHz
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	80 MHz to 2,7 GHz	10 V/m	
			Field strengths from fixed I

RF.	
	where P is the maximum
IEC	output power rating of the
61000-4-3	transmitter in watts (W)
	according to the transmitter
	manufacturer and d is the
	recommended separation
	distance in metres(m).
	Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, <sup>a</sup> should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range <sup>b</sup>

## NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies. NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Interference may occur in the

vicinity of equipment marked

with the following symbol:

and 80 MHz are 6,765 MHz to 6,795 MHz; 13,553 MHz to 13,567 MHz; 26,957 MHz to 27,283 MHz; and 40,66 MHz to 40,70 MHz. The

a The ISM (industrial, scientific and medical) bands between 0.15 MHz

amateur radio bands between 0.15 MHz and 80 MHz are 1.8 MHz to 2.0 MHz, 3.5 MHz to 4.0 MHz, 5.3 MHz

and 50,0 MHz to 54,0 MHz.

to 5,4 MHz, 7 MHz to 7,3 MHz, 10,1 MHz to 10,15 MHz, 14 MHz to 14,2 MHz, 18,07 MHz to 18,17 MHz, 21,0 MHz to 21,4 MHz, 24,89 MHz to 24,99 MHz, 28,0 MHz to 29,7 MHz

## decrease the likelihood that mobile/portable communications equipment could cause interference if it is inadvertently brought into patient areas. For this reason, an additional factor of 10/3 has been incorporated into the formulae used in calculating the recommended separation distance for

Web: www.myspo2.com

d Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be

Shenzhen Yimi Life Technology Co.,Ltd Add: 305, Building A, Tengbo Industrial Park, Changshangijang Street, Longbei Village, Pingshan

MANUFACTURER

District 518118 Shenzhen

Tel: +86 755-86573112 Email: hnpsd@myspo2.com

**EC REPRESENTATIVE** 

Share Info Consultant Service LLC Repräsentanzbüro Add: Heerdter Lohweg 83, 40549 Düsseldorf

theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be E-mail: eu-rep@share-info.cn considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the

YM201is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the YM201should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as